1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Oliver H. Goe Browning, Kaleczyc, Berry & Hoven, P.C 800 N. Last Chance Gulch, Suite 101 P.O. Box 1697 Helena, MT 59624-1697 Telephone: (406) 443-6820 Facsimile: (406) 443-6883 Attorneys for Intervenors	Γ COURT LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY
9	MONTANA FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT, LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY	
10	FT. HARRISON VETERANS RESIDENCE, Limited Partnership,,	Case No. DDV 2012-356
11	Petitioner,	
12	v.	INTERVENORS' RESPONSE IN OPPOSITION TO FHVR'S MOTION FOR
13	MONTANA BOARD OF HOUSING	PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
14	Respondent.	
15	CENTER STREET LP, SWEET GRASS	
16	APARTMENTS LP, SOROPTIMIST VILLAGE LP, FARMHOUSE PARTNERS-	
17	HAGGERTY LP and PARKVIEW VILLAGE LLP,	
18	Intervenors.	·
19		
20	Intervenors Center Street, LP, Sweet Grass Apartments, LP, Soroptimist Village, LP,	
21	Farmhouse Partners-Haggerty, LP, and Parkview Village, LLP (collectively and hereinafter	
22	referred to as "Intervenors") reply through their counsel of record to FHVR's motion for	
23	preliminary injunction. Intervenors join and adopt the arguments in Respondent's Response in	

FHVR's request for a preliminary injunction and challenge to the 2013 QAP in its entirety requires Intervenors to highlight for this Court why FHVR's underlying challenge to the awards

Opposition to FHVR's Motion For Preliminary Injunction filed by the Montana Board of Housing

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(hereinafter "MBOH").

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made pursuant to the 2012 QAP does not present a "justiciable controversy" on the grounds of "mootness." Simply put, the 2013 QAP allows for a "Corrective Award" which would allow FHVR, should it prevail, to obtain tax credits allocated in 2013, without impacting the awards made in 2012 and upon which the Intervenors have relied in carrying their respective projects through to completion. If the Corrective Award is no longer available, for the reasons previously argued to this Court, it would be impossible for this Court to grant effective relief. There is no way to restore the parties to their original positions and FHVR's challenge to the 2012 awards is moot.

# FHVR'S ATTACK ON THE 2013 QAP INCLUDING THE CORRECTIVE AWARD RENDERS THE 2012 CHALLENGE MOOT

The 2013 QAP provides in relevant part:

### Corrective Award:

Such portion of the state's available annual credit allocation is reserved and set-aside as is necessary for award of credits to:

- Any project for which an application was submitted in a prior round or year, if:
  - ° a final order of a court of competent jurisdiction determines or declares that such applicant was entitled to an award in such prior round or year or requires the Board to make an award or allocation of tax credits to such project;
  - o a final order of a court of competent jurisdiction invalidates or sets aside an award of credits to an approved project from such prior round or year and a reservation agreement was executed by the Board and such applicant prior to issuance of such court order, unless such court order determines that such project was not eligible or qualified under the applicable QAP to receive an award of tax credits; or
  - o the Board, upon further consideration of any award determination as required by and in accordance with the order of a court of competent jurisdiction, determines that such project was entitled to an award in such prior round or year.

All requirements and conditions of this Corrective Award set aside provision must be met to receive an award under this set aside provision. The amount of any award under the Corrective Award set aside shall be the

amount specified by the court, or if no award amount is specified by the court, an amount determined by the Board in accordance with this QAP. The Corrective Award set aside shall be funded first from returned or unreserved tax credits from a prior year. Awards may be "future allocated" under this Corrective Action set aside, i.e., such awards may be made from returned or unreserved tax credits from a prior year and/or the current year's credits at any Board meeting after the final court order has been issued and presented to the Board. Such award need not await the annual application and award cycle.

2013 Qualified Allocation Plan, p. 17.

In adopting the Corrective Award, the MBOH set forth in detail the reasons why such a Corrective Award is necessary, stating:

In addition to considering comment and approving revisions in other areas, at its October 15, 2012 meeting, the Board addressed one particularly urgent issue. The Board received comment regarding the proposed 2013 QAP from applicants that were awarded tax credits in 2012. The viability of projects that received awards of 2012 tax credits has been seriously threatened as a result of the filing of a lawsuit by an unsuccessful 2012 applicant. Because of uncertainty resulting from the pending lawsuit, potential investors have declined to commit to or advance funds for the projects. If these projects are not able to move forward very soon, in some cases within the next 30 days, they may lose their window of opportunity to proceed. As a result, the corresponding 2012 tax credits could revert to the federal government and become unavailable for allocation in the State of Montana. It is unknown when the litigation will be resolved.

The commenters requested that language be added to the 2013 QAP to allow allocation of tax credits from a future year in the event that a court were to invalidate prior tax credit awards or order an award of tax credits to an unsuccessful applicant. One commenter provided an example of such a forward allocation provision from another state.

At its October 15, 2012 meeting, the Board considered and approved 2013 QAP language providing a Corrective Award set aside provision to make available sufficient additional credits for any award required by a court based upon a legal challenge to a prior award determination. This language creates a priority set aside of credits to fund such awards, first using returned or unreserved credits from a prior year and then current year credits.

This set aside language provides for an award of tax credits to a prior unsuccessful applicant that has obtained a court order requiring an award. The language also provides for an award from this set aside to an applicant who previously received an award and entered into a reservation agreement with the Board prior to the Court order, where the prior award has been invalidated by a court. An award could be made to such applicant from the set aside unless a court has determined that such applicant was not eligible or qualified to receive an award under the applicable QAP.

The language allows such awards to be made at any time during the year at a meeting of the Board upon consideration of a final court order satisfying the criteria of the QAP set aside language. Such an award is, of course, conditioned upon IRS authorization and allocation of tax credits for the State of Montana for the applicable year. The language also provides that the Board will allocate credits in accordance with reservation agreements entered into by the Board based upon prior awards, unless the Board determines that it is precluded by court order from doing so.

This Corrective Award language is necessary to provide a mechanism and source of credits to address court challenges to tax credit awards. To meet the strict timelines for tax credit carryover and placement of projects in service, projects must move forward with development and construction quickly and diligently following an award of tax credits. These timelines cannot accommodate delay until litigation is resolved, which may take many months or even years. It is impractical at best to delay development and construction of projects receiving current awards until litigation is resolved. The Corrective award addresses this problem by providing for an award from a future period to address the results of any legal challenge.

The Corrective Award language is also necessary to assure awardees and their investors to the greatest extent possible that successful awardees will receive tax credit allocations despite legal challenges brought by unsuccessful applicants. Although the Board believes that the currently pending litigation lacks merit, the mere existence of such litigation and its attendant uncertainties has prevented projects from closing their investment transactions or receiving investor advances, effectively halting development and construction.

The approved language provides such assurance, first by making un-awarded future credits available, so that there is no need to take previously-awarded credits from a successful applicant so that the credits can be awarded to a challenger. The language provides further

assurance by allowing the Board to make a new allocation to previous successful awardees where the prior award has been invalidated by a court, unless the court has determined that such awardee did not meet the minimum threshold requirements for an award. The language also assures that the Board will allocate credits in accordance with prior reservation agreements, unless precluded by court order from doing so.

This Corrective Award language is necessary to provide a mechanism and source of credits to address court challenges to tax credit awards, and to provide the assurances necessary for applicants awarded tax credits in 2012 to obtain the necessary investment and complete their projects in time to receive the tax credit allocations. Without such provisions, some or all of the projects awarded credits are unlikely to be built, resulting in loss of the additional housing units expected to be made available to low income Montanans through the awarded credits.

Notice of Public Hearing on Proposed Amendment, Oct. 30, 2012 (emphasis added).

Intervenors previously briefed to this Court why the challenge to the 2012 allocation is not justiciable because of mootness. *See* Intervenors' Reply Brief to Respondent's Motion to Dismiss 8-11 and Intervenors' Combined Reply Brief to Fort Harrison's Response to Materials Submitted by Montana Board of Housing and Intervenors and Brief in Response to Fort Harrison's Motion For Summary Judgment 2-6. At the previous hearing in this matter, Intervenors advised the Court that should the 2013 QAP be adopted by the MBOH and approved by the Governor, that the mootness arguments would no longer apply in that the Court could grant effective relief to FHVR without impacting the 2012 awards to the Intervenors. Assuming the 2013 QAP is not in effect, the mootness arguments previously raised by the Intervenors jump, once again, to the forefront. Additionally, these arguments are much more compelling in that each of the Intervenors has continued with their respective projects based on the tax credits and binding contracts entered into with the MBOH. It is impossible at this juncture for the Court to put the toothpaste back in the tube. The tax credits have been utilized by all of the Intervenors in financing their respective projects and hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent in development and construction.

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#### CONCLUSION

Intervenors respectfully request that the preliminary injunction be denied for the reasons set forth in the brief filed by the Montana Board of Housing and as set forth herein.

DATED this 24<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2013.

BROWNING, KALECZYC, BERRY & HOVEN, P.C.

By Mol Oliver H. Goe

Attorneys for Intervenors

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the 24<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2013, a true copy of the foregoing was mailed by first-class mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

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